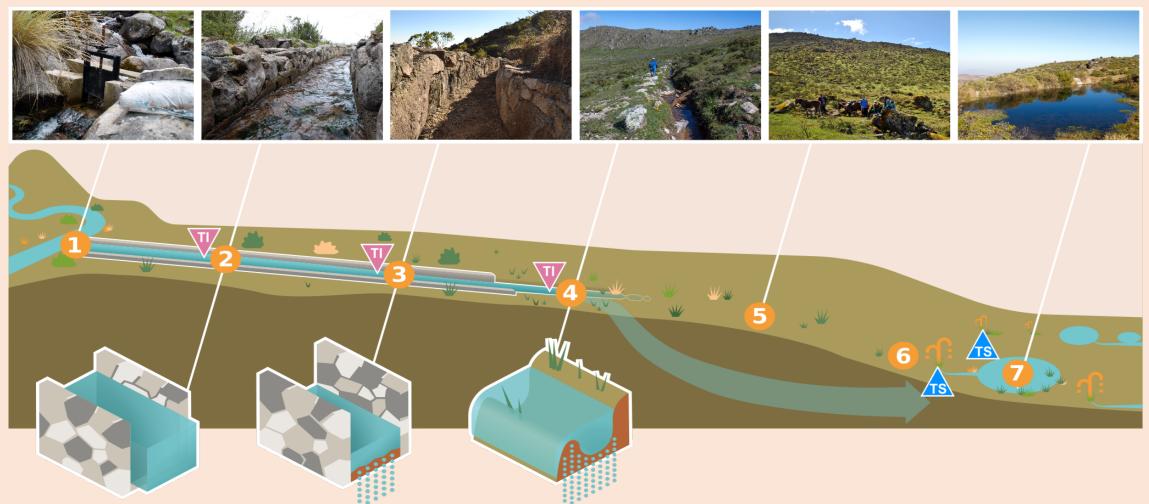
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Fig. 2. Conceptual model of a pre-Inca infiltration enhancement system: diversion canals (1 and 2), infiltration canals (3 and 4), infiltration hillslopes (5), springs (6) and ponds (7).



Integrating societal knowledge with hydrologic science is not only a 21st century task. Historically, many civilizations have developed local water harvesting and management practices that cope with water stress by using ancient and nature-based knowledge. Indigenous peoples developed solutions that were inspired and supported by nature, and use, or mimic, natural processes to contribute to improved water management and to safeguard their water security.

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H11J-1627 I Inclusive hydrology how to maximize participation and actionable knowledge creation in water resources Boris F. Ochoa-Tocachi^{1,2,3*}, Jonathan D. Paul¹, Wouter Buytaert^{1,2}

Co-generation of actionable knowledge on water resources

teraction

Dissemination

knowledge extraction



Vcentric governo

In the next century, hydrologic science will benefit from co-creating knowledge that emerges from citizens, resonates with nature, and integrates ancient wisdom.

data

collection

The advent of new sensing equipment provides opportunities for data collection, especially in a citizen science context.

> While non-expert citizens have been present throughout the history of scientific practice, developments in sensing technology, data processing and visualization, and the communication of ideas and results. are creating a wide range of new opportunities for public participation in scientific research.



Technological development and knowledge integration also have a more fundamental impact on the way in which hydrologic knowledge advances, how it flows between different actors, how it disrupts **power** relations, and thus how it influences decisions and policy-making.