

Table S1. Apparent affinity constants (K_a 's, M⁻¹) of complexes **2a-c** and **1** for quadruplexes G2T1, G1 and CT DNA in 10 mM Tris-HCl, 100 mM KCl (pH 7.04) by UV-Vis spectroscopy.

Complex	K_a (G2T1)	K_a (G1)	K_a (CT DNA)	Selectivity for G2T1 vs. G1	Selectivity for G2T1 vs. CT-DNA
2a	^a $1.19 \pm 0.16 \times 10^6$	^a $2.39 \pm 0.35 \times 10^6$	$2.54 \pm 0.24 \times 10^5$	1	5
2b	^a $2.52 \pm 0.24 \times 10^6$	^a $3.53 \pm 0.33 \times 10^6$	$2.05 \pm 0.08 \times 10^5$	1	12
2c	^b $1.37 \pm 0.25 \times 10^7$	^b $2.19 \pm 0.32 \times 10^6$	$1.06 \pm 0.11 \times 10^5$	6	129
1	^a $1.50 \pm 0.22 \times 10^7$	^b $1.15 \pm 0.18 \times 10^7$	$1.20 \pm 0.15 \times 10^5$	1	125

^a Absorption measured at 310 nm; ^b Absorption measured at 370 nm.

Table S2. Binding constants (K 's, M⁻¹) and ΔT_m (°C) of previously reported binders towards dimeric quadruplex G2T1 DNA.

Binder	K	ΔT_m	References
Cyclic helicene M1	2.31×10^6	/	[1]
QATPE ^a	8.94×10^6	6.6	[2]
TMPipEOPP (p- and m-) ^b	$(1.05 \sim 2.53) \times 10^6$	5.1~13	[3]
RHPS4 ^c and DR4-47 ^d	/	20.5~28.5	[4]
EPI ^e	2.60×10^7	/	[5]
Ni-M ^f	4.6×10^7	14	[6]
Dimeric berberine	$(2.0 \sim 2.4) \times 10^7$	-0.5	[7]

^aQATPE = 1, 1, 2, 2-Tetrakis{4-[(trimethylammonium)butoxy]phenyl}tetraphenylethene tetrabromide; ^b TMPipEOPP = cationic porphyrin derivative; ^c RHPS4 = fluoroquinolinoacridinium cation; ^d DR4-47 = Hybrid oxazole-triazole ligand; ^e EPI = epiberberine; ^f Ni-M = Zinc-finger like nanosized chiral Ni(II)-supramolecular complex.

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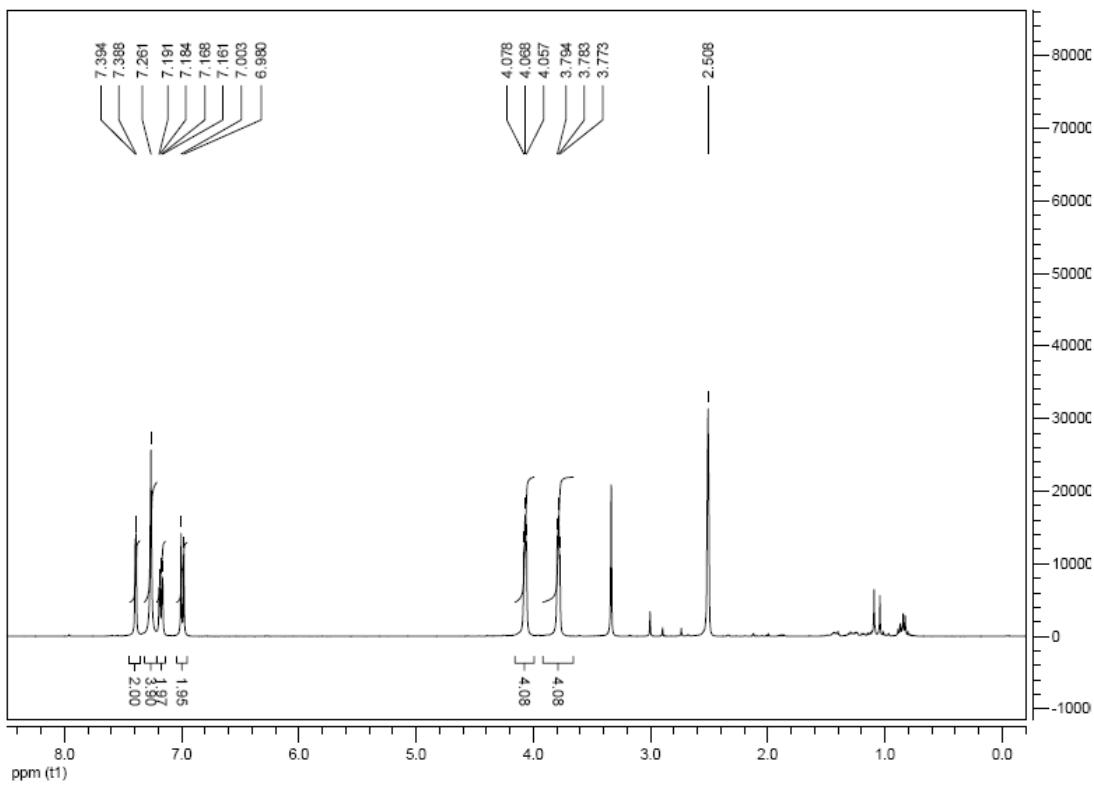


Figure S1. ¹H NMR (400 MHz) of compound 5a in *d*₆-DMSO.

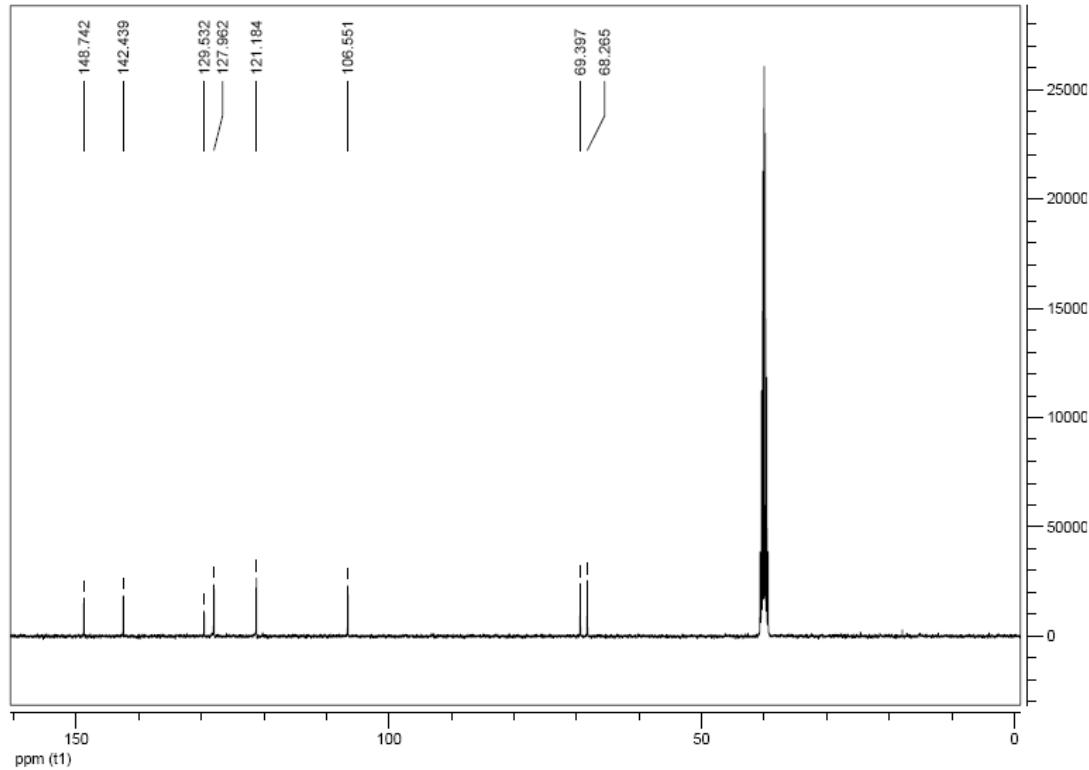


Figure S2. ¹³C NMR (75.4 MHz) of compound 5a in *d*₆-DMSO.

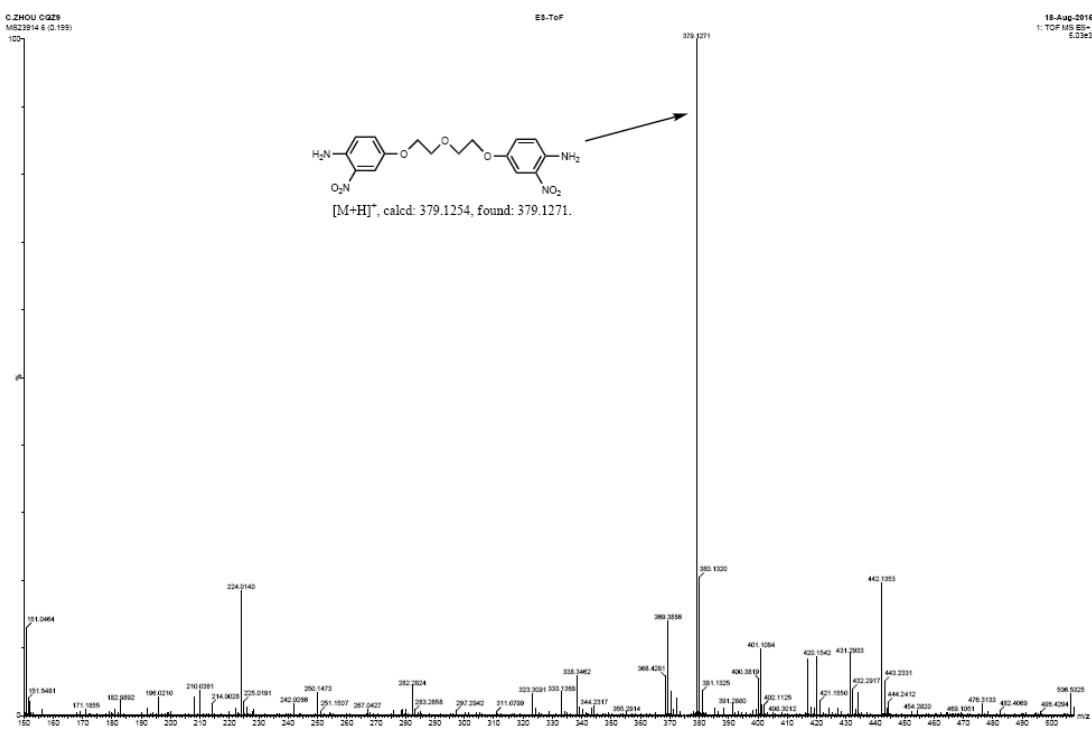


Figure S3. HR-ESI-MS of compound **5a**.

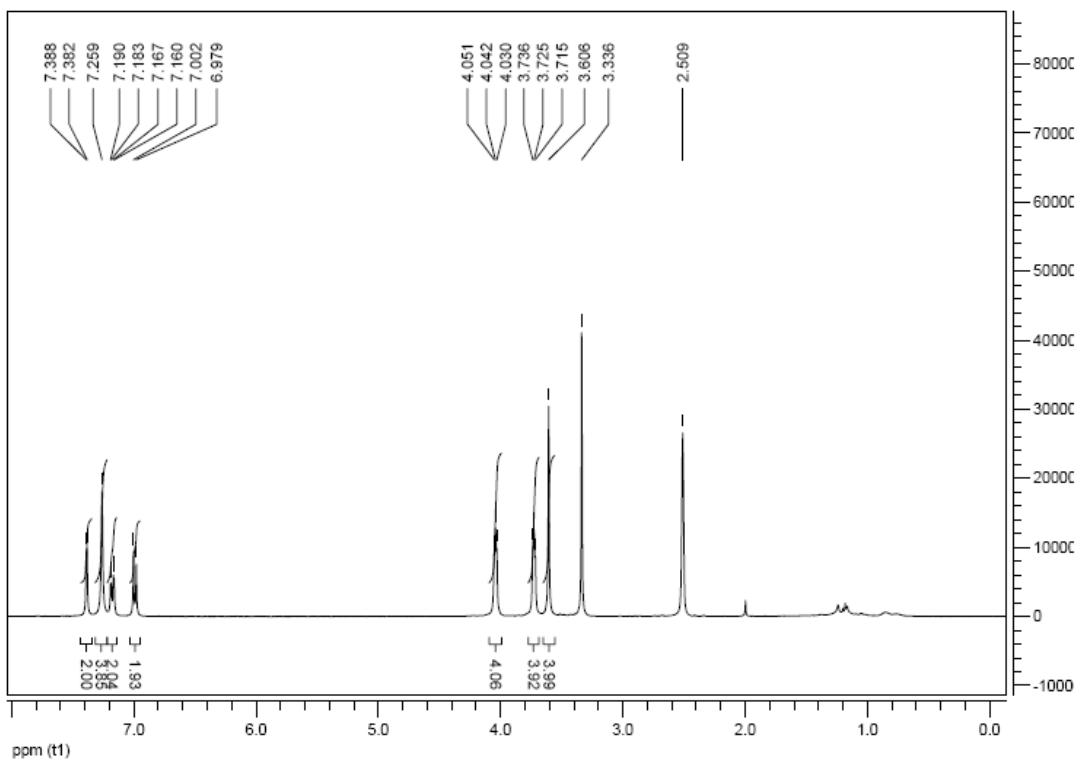


Figure S4. ¹H NMR (400 MHz) of compound **5b** in *d*₆-DMSO.

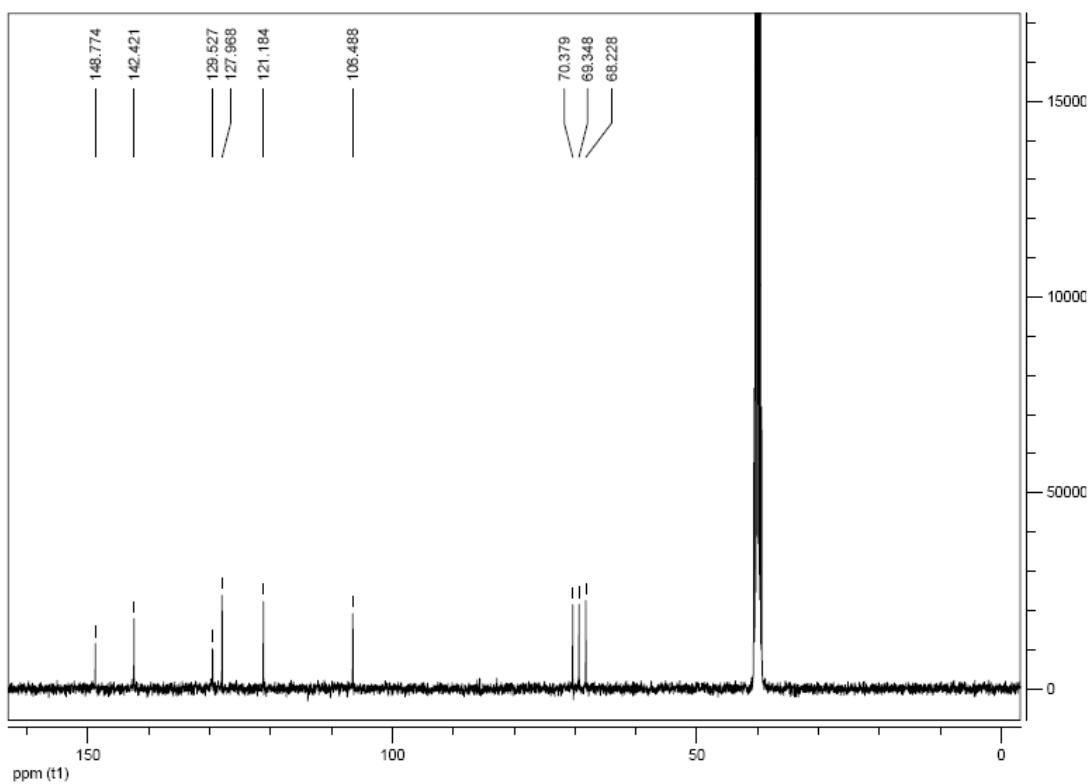


Figure S5. ^{13}C NMR (75.4 MHz) of compound **5b** in d_6 -DMSO.

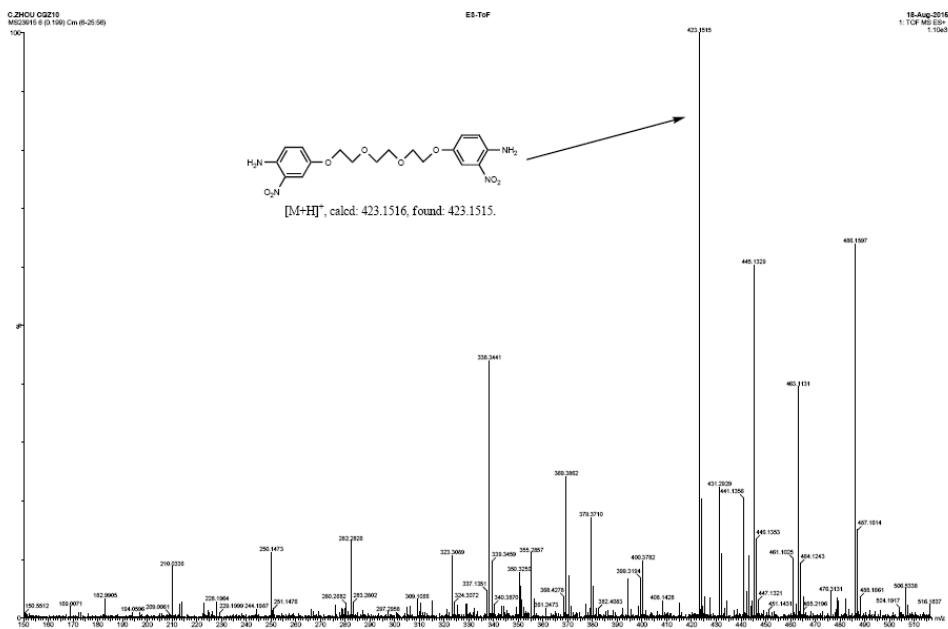


Figure S6. HR-ESI-MS of compound **5b**.

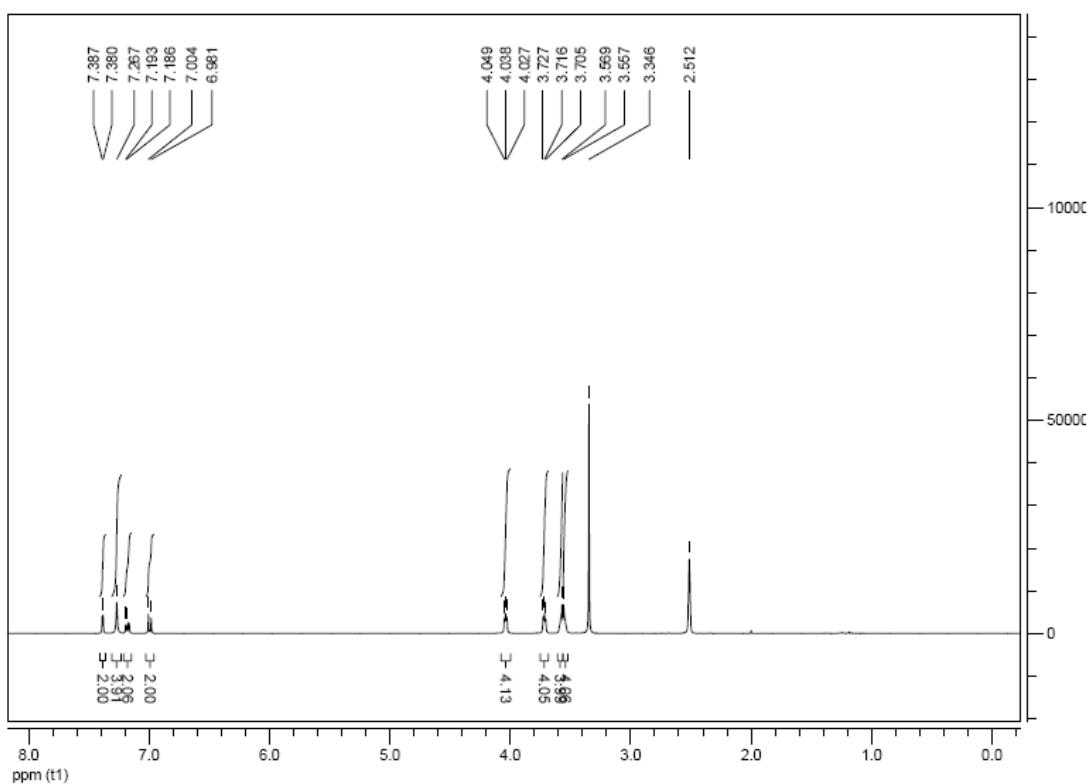


Figure S7. ^1H NMR (400 MHz) of compound **5c** in d_6 -DMSO.

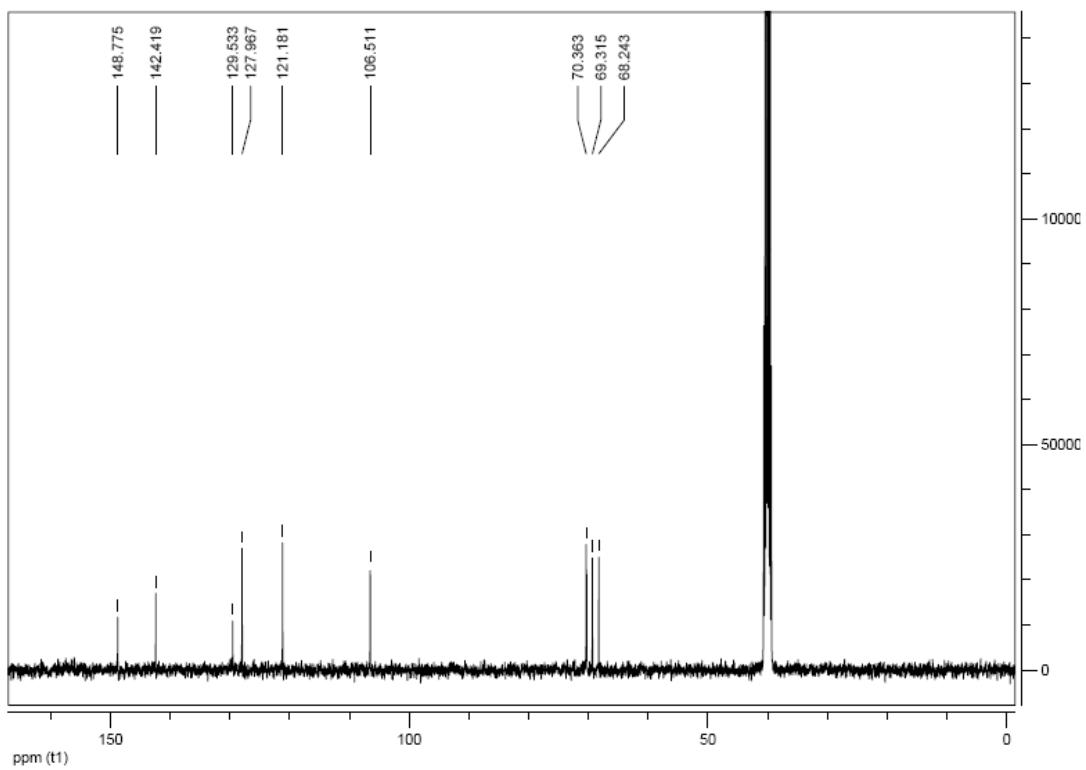


Figure S8. ^{13}C NMR (75.4 MHz) of compound **5c** in $d_6\text{-DMSO}$.



Figure S9. HR-ESI-MS of compound **5c**.

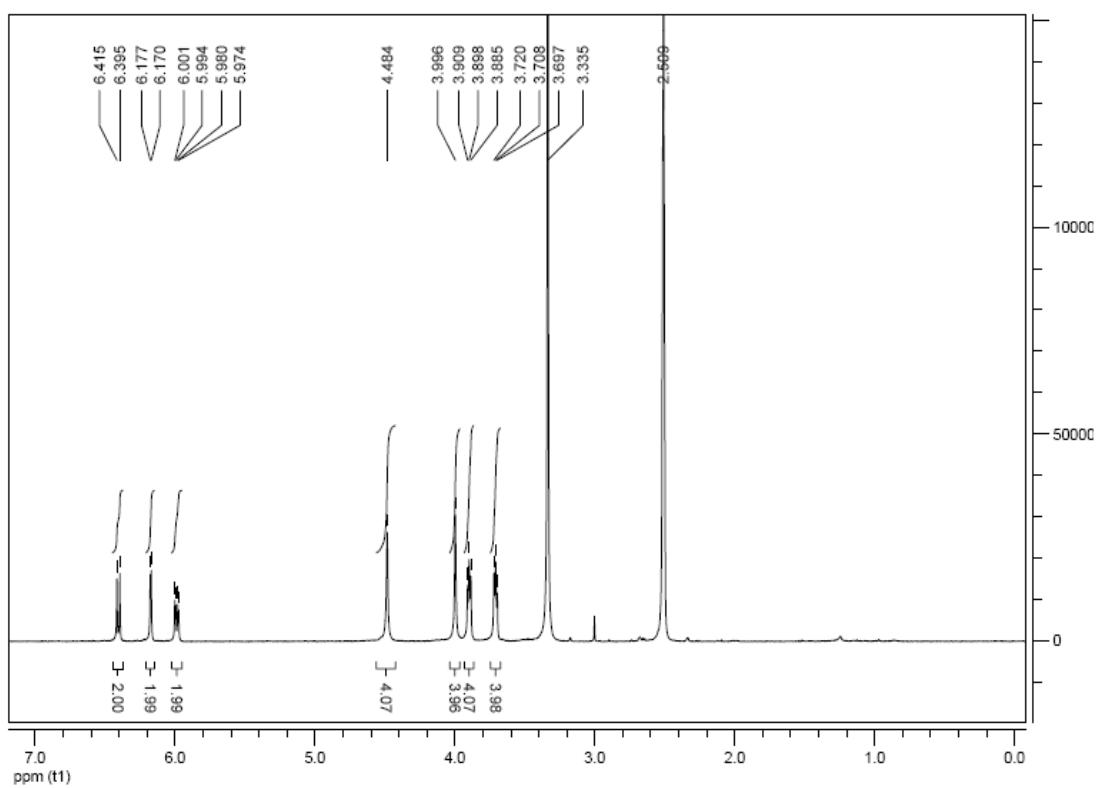


Figure S10. ^1H NMR (400 MHz) of compound **6a** in d_6 -DMSO.

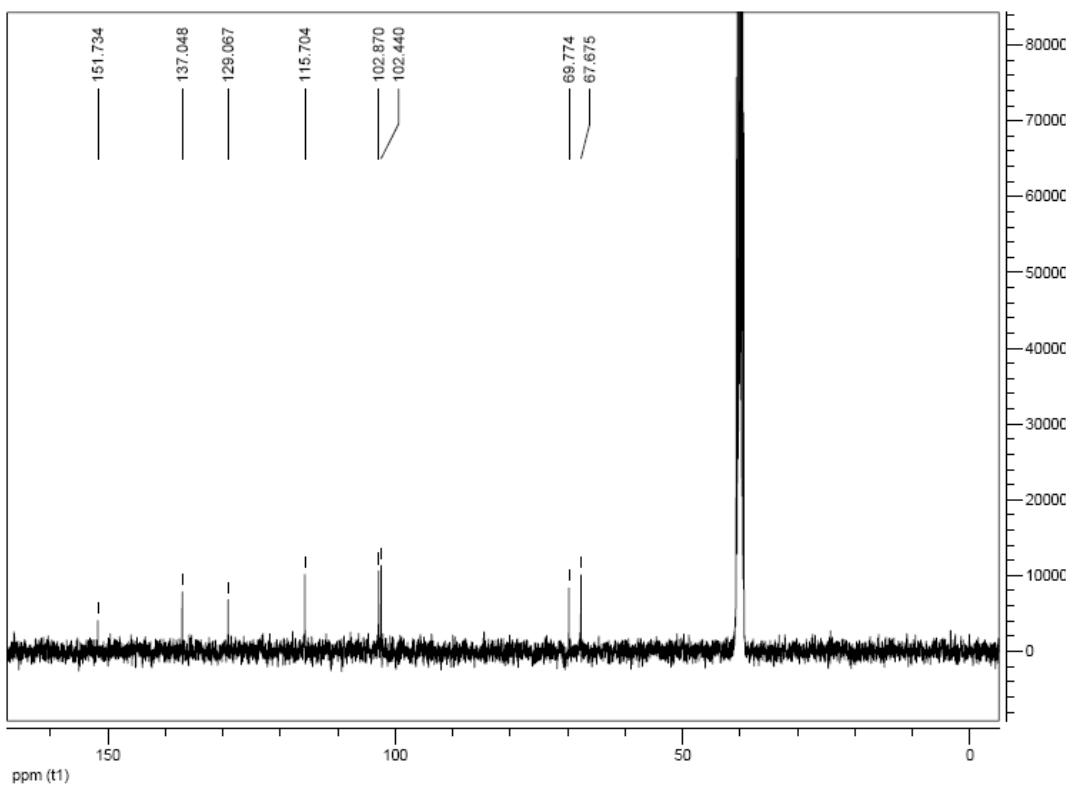


Figure S11. ^{13}C NMR (75.4 MHz) of compound **6a** in d_6 -DMSO.

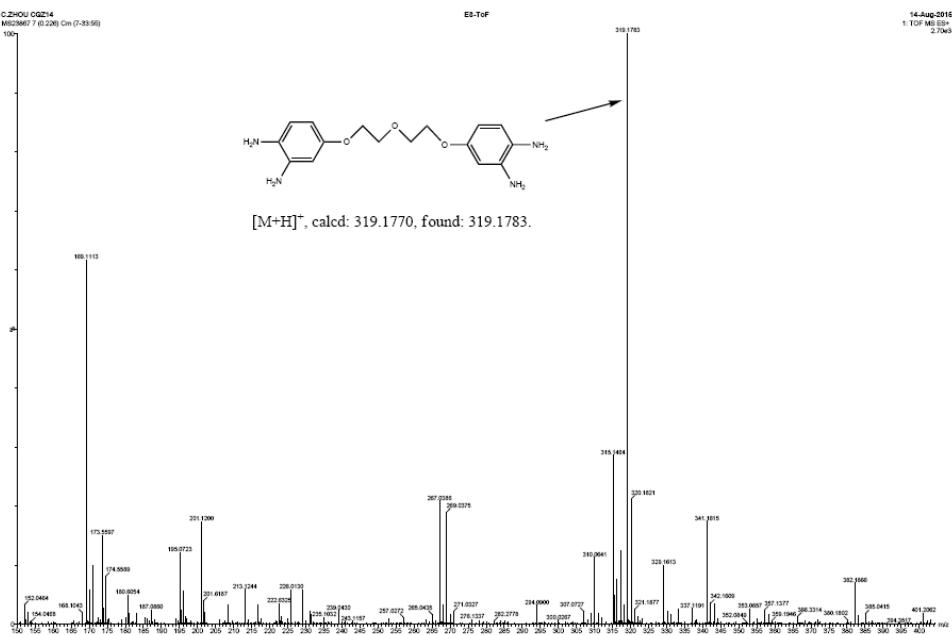


Figure S12. HR-ESI-MS of compound **6a**.

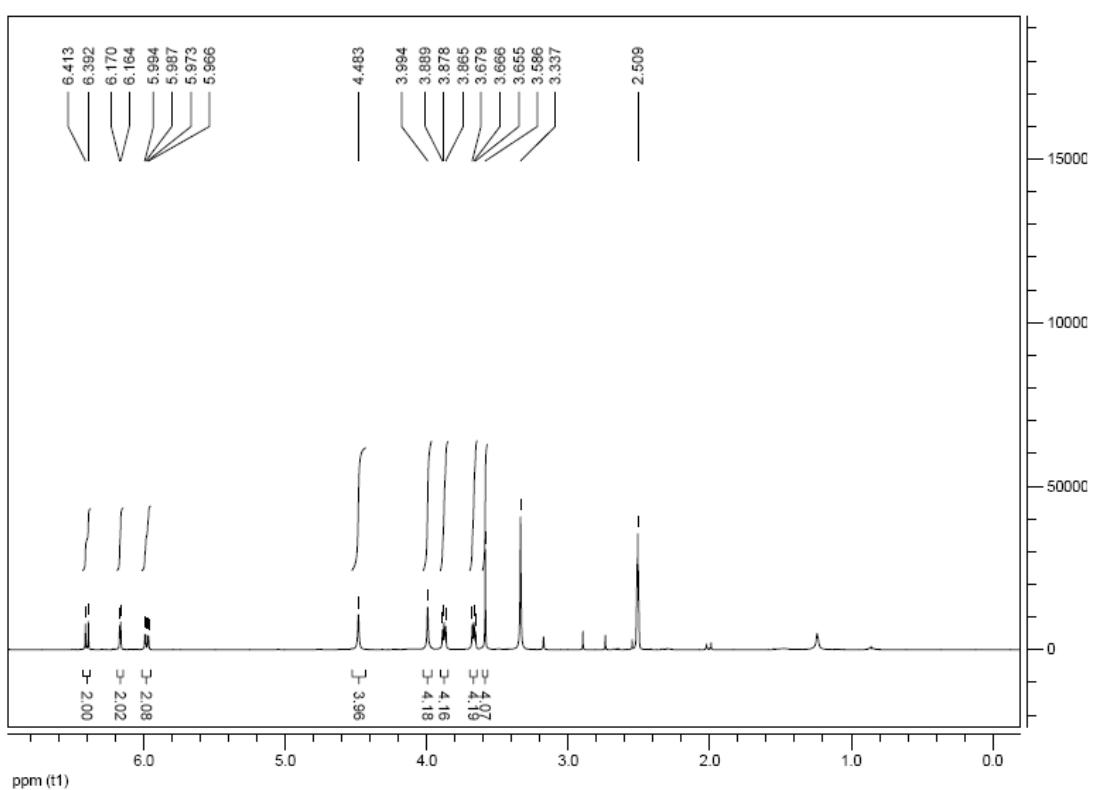


Figure S13. ^1H NMR (400 MHz) of compound **6b** in d_6 -DMSO.

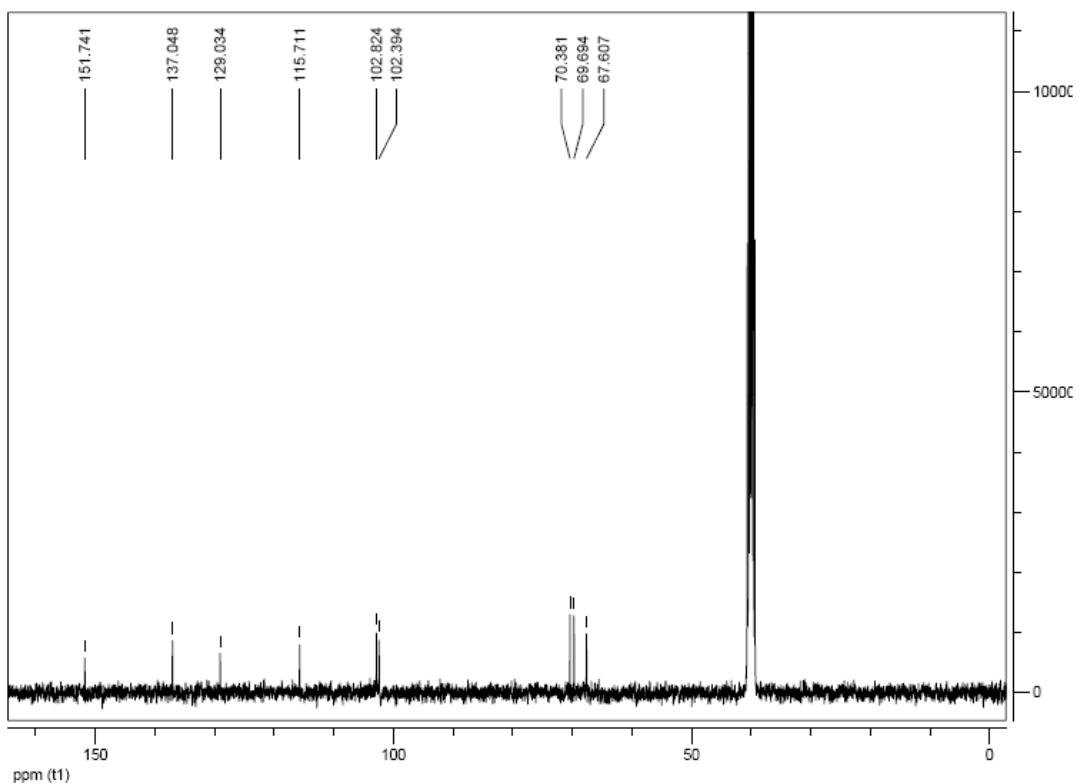


Figure S14. ^{13}C NMR (75.4 MHz) of compound **6b** in d_6 -DMSO.

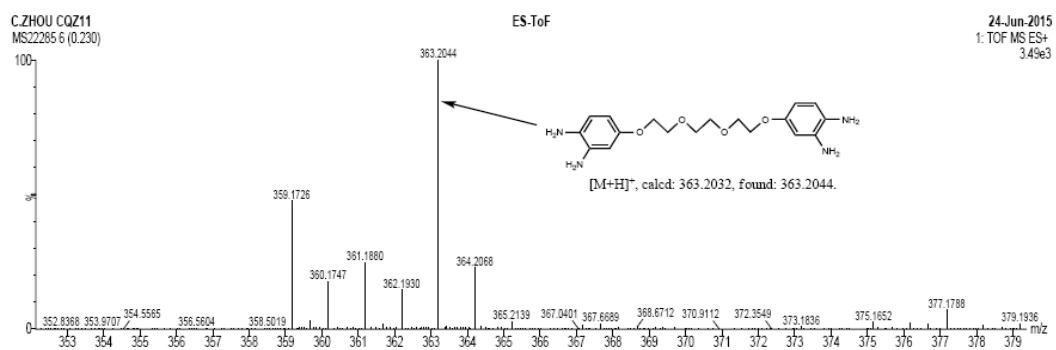


Figure S15. HR-ESI-MS of compound **6b**.

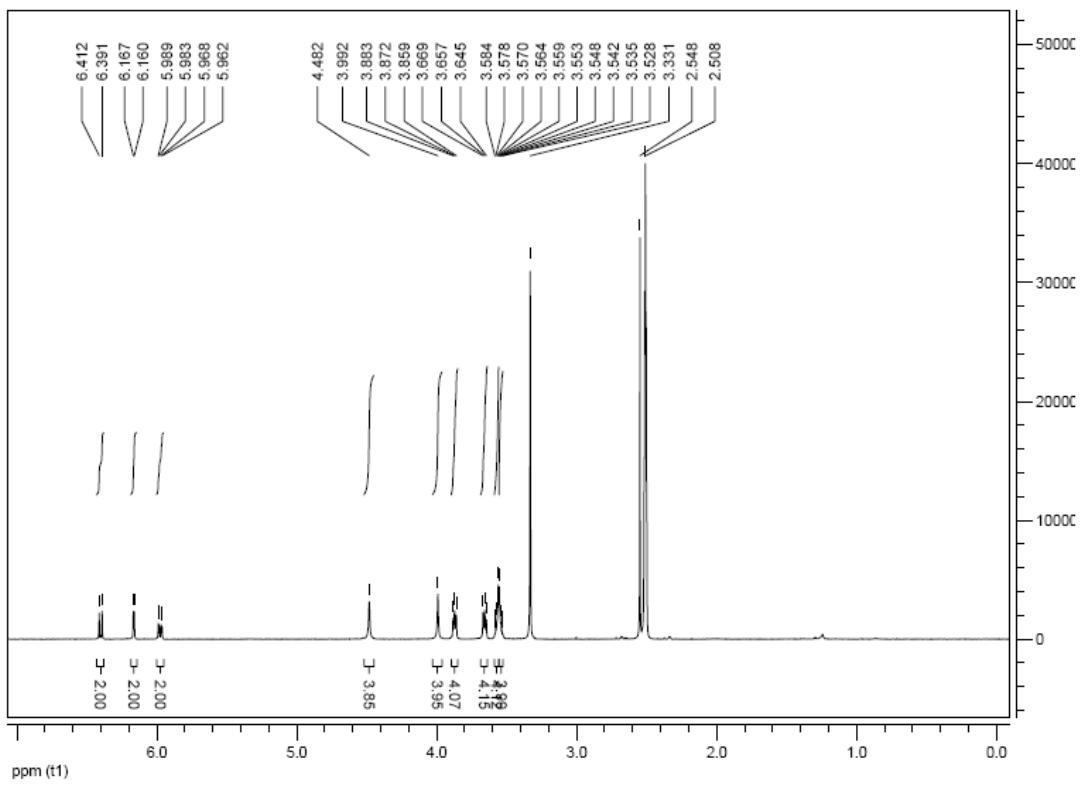


Figure S16. ¹H NMR (400 MHz) of compound **6c** in *d*₆-DMSO.

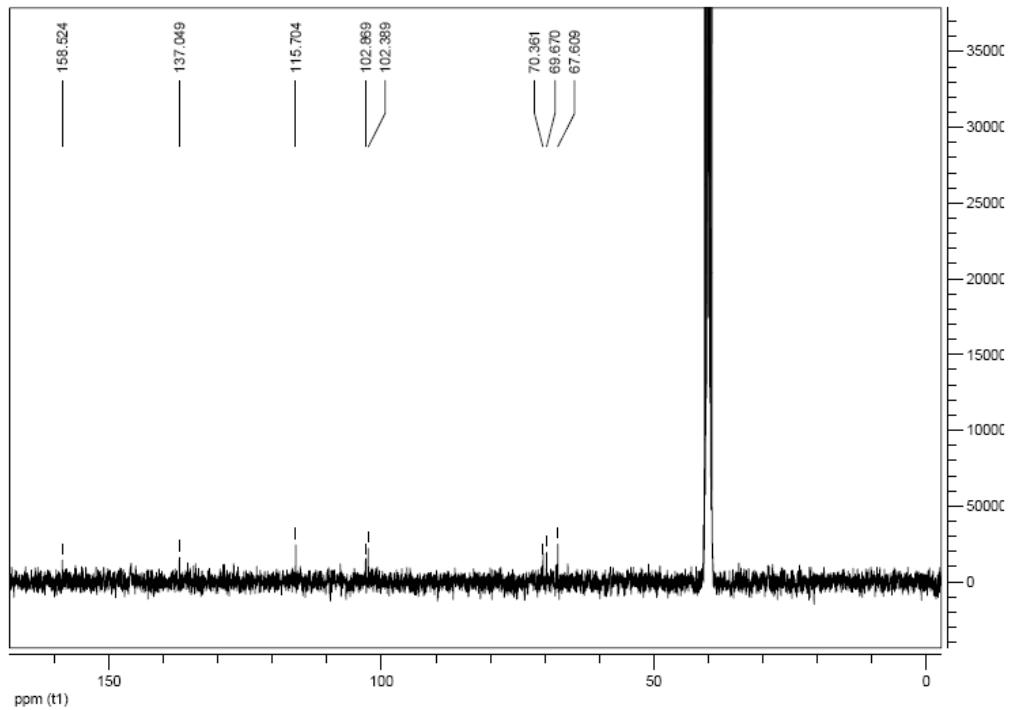


Figure S17. ¹³C NMR (75.4 MHz) of compound **6c** in *d*₆-DMSO.

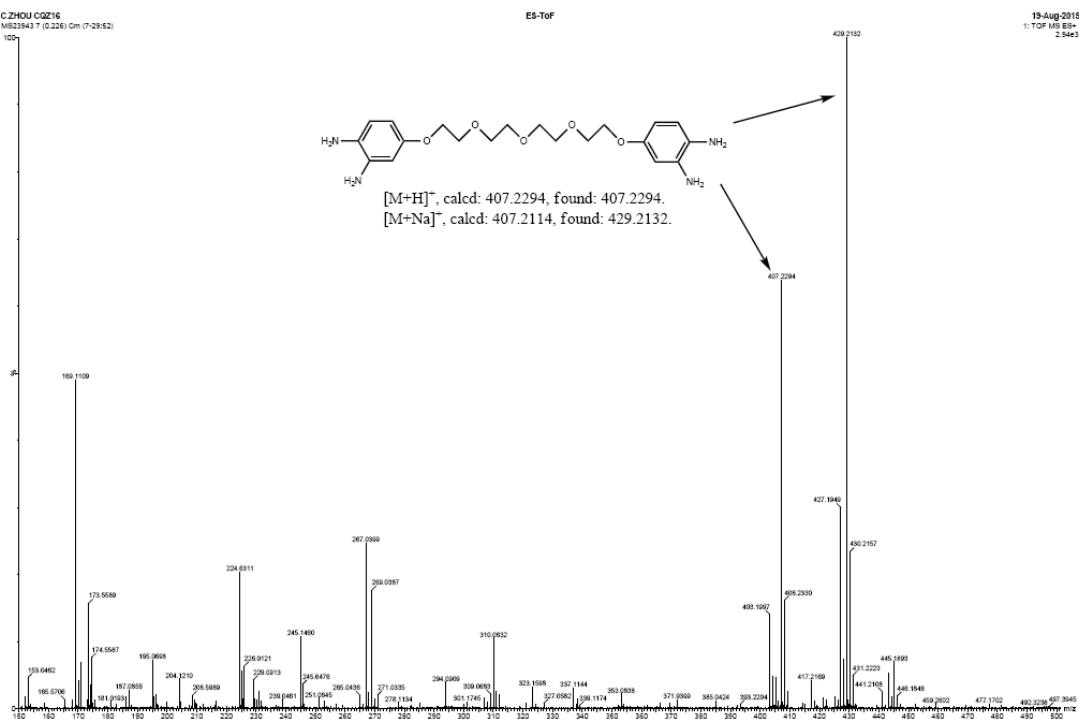


Figure S18. HR-ESI-MS of compound 6c.

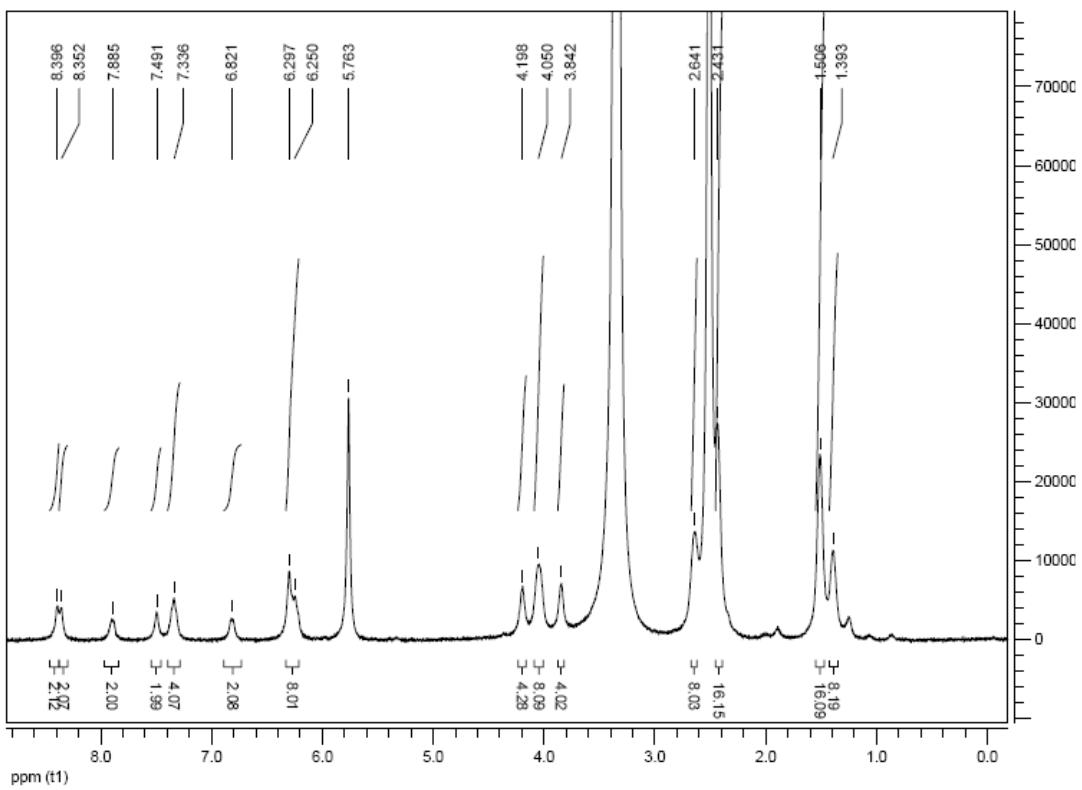


Figure S19. ^1H NMR (400 MHz) of complex **2a** in d_6 -DMSO.

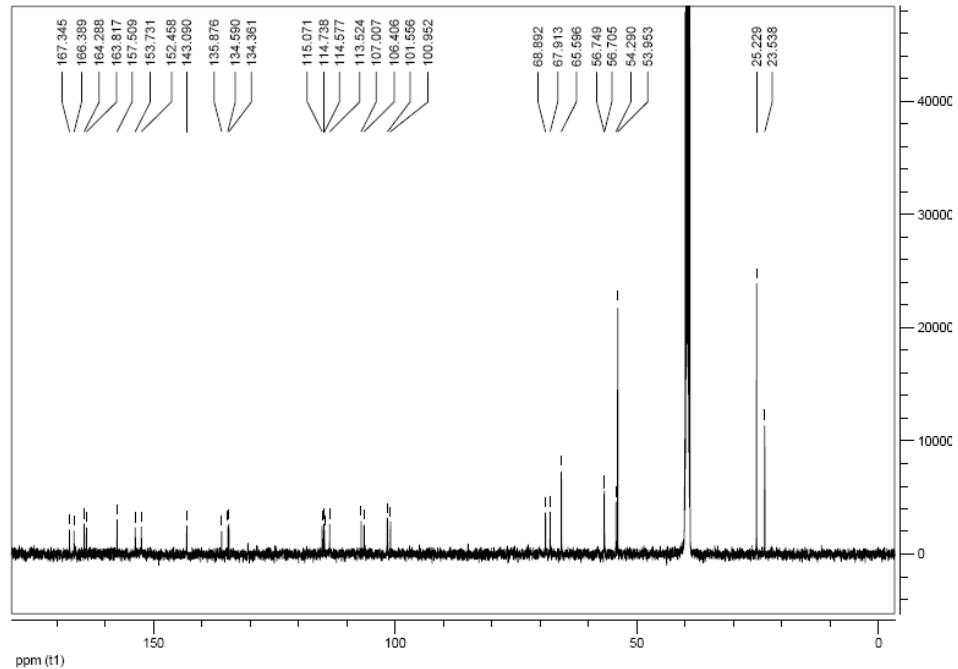


Figure S20. ^{13}C NMR (75.4 MHz) of complex **2a** in d_6 -DMSO.

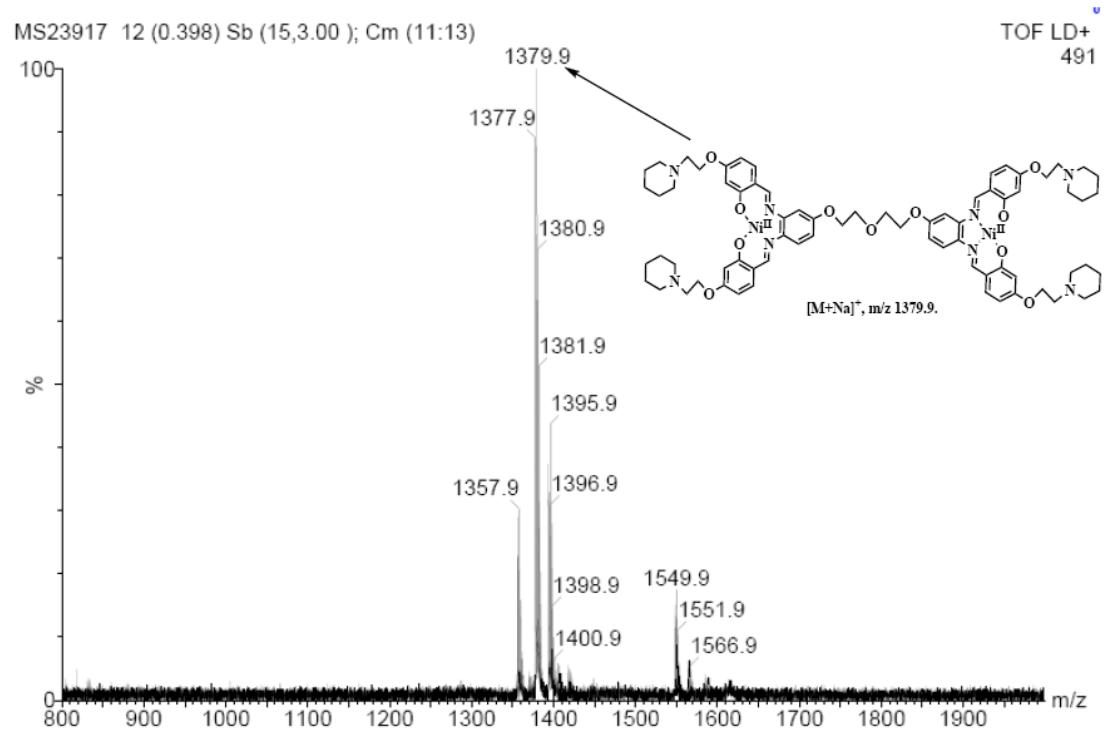


Figure S21. MALDI-TOF MS of complex **2a**.

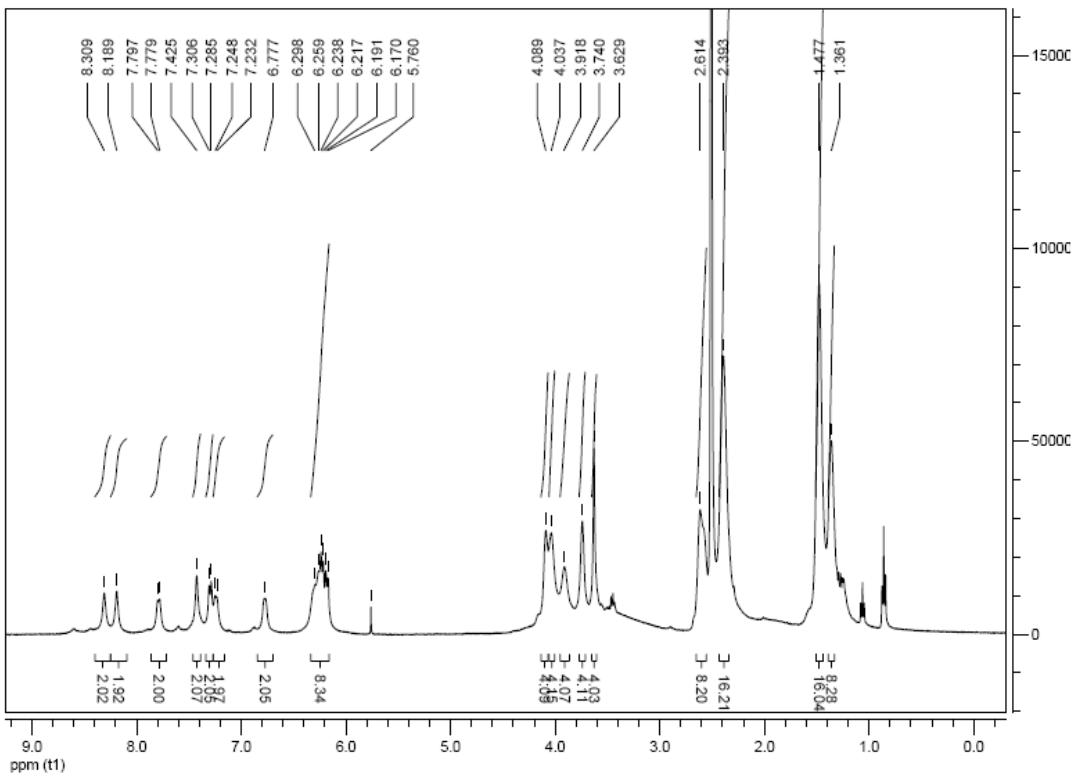


Figure S22. ^1H NMR (400 MHz) of complex **2b** in d_6 -DMSO.

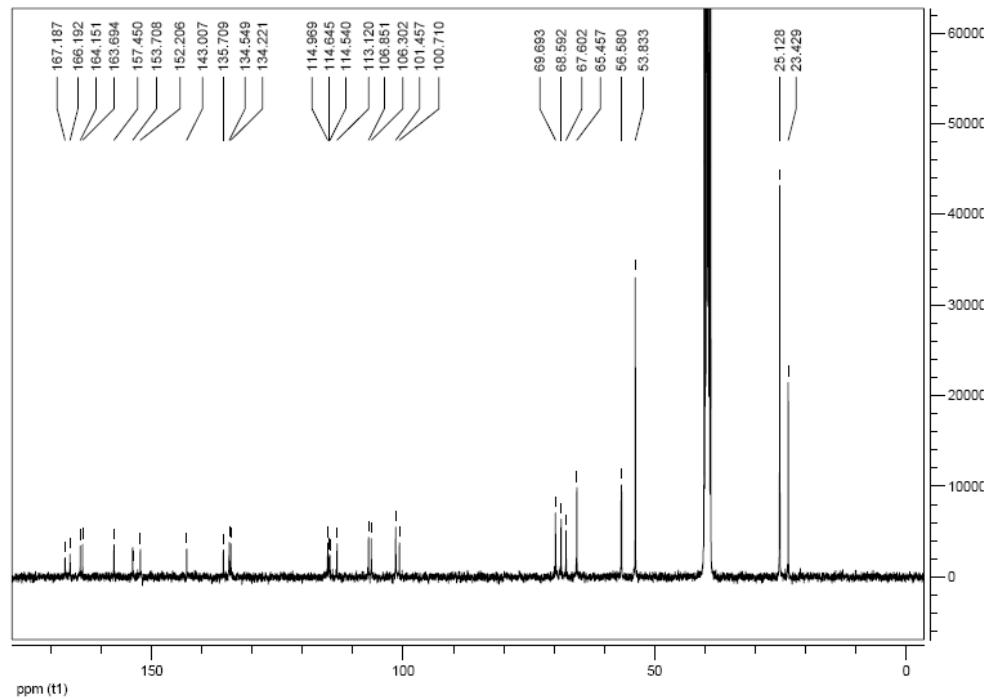


Figure S23. ^{13}C NMR (75.4 MHz) of complex **2b** in d_6 -DMSO.

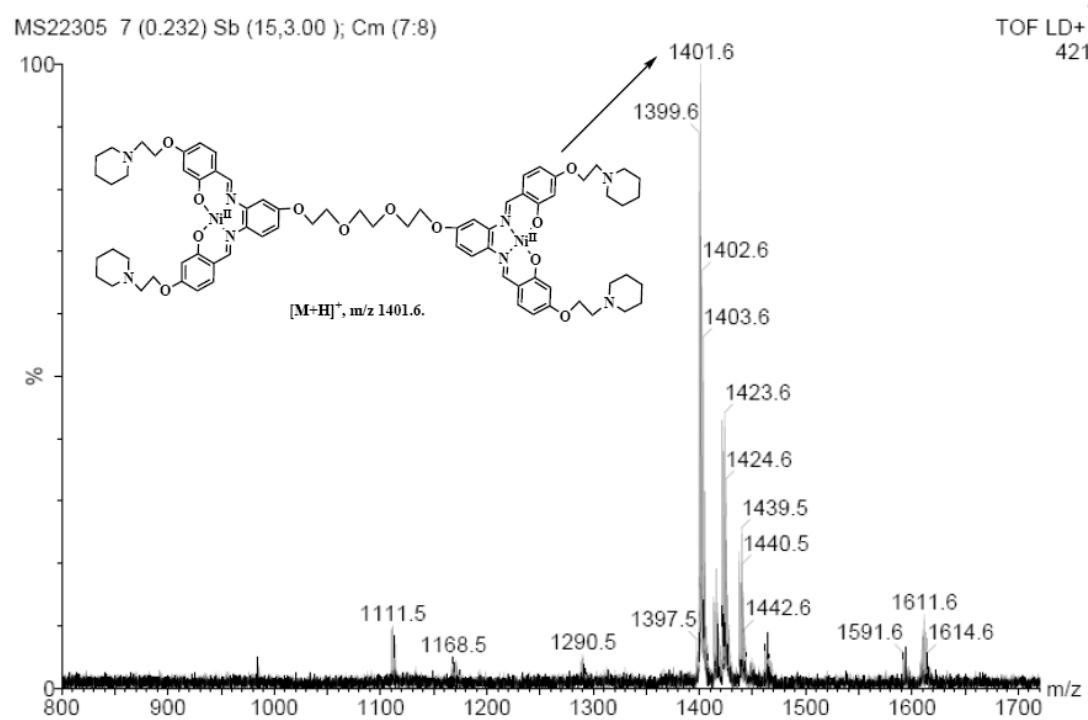


Figure S24. MALDI-TOF MS of complex **2b**.

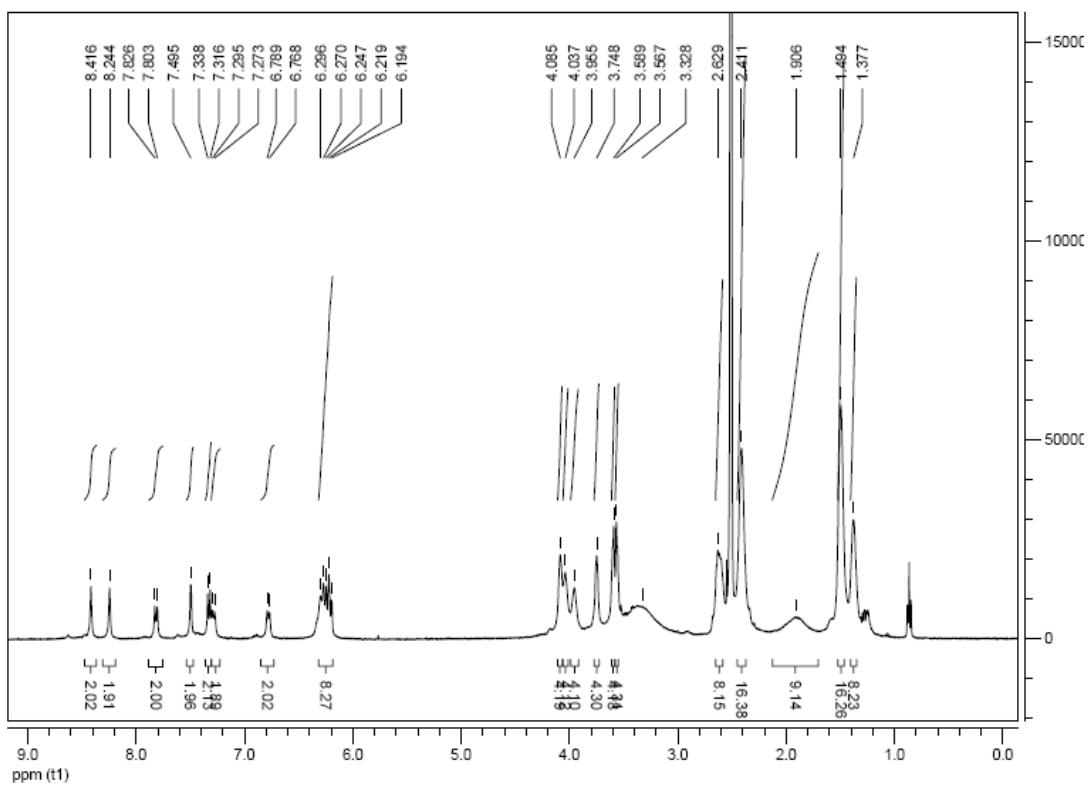


Figure S25. ^1H NMR (400 MHz) of complex **2c** in d_6 -DMSO.

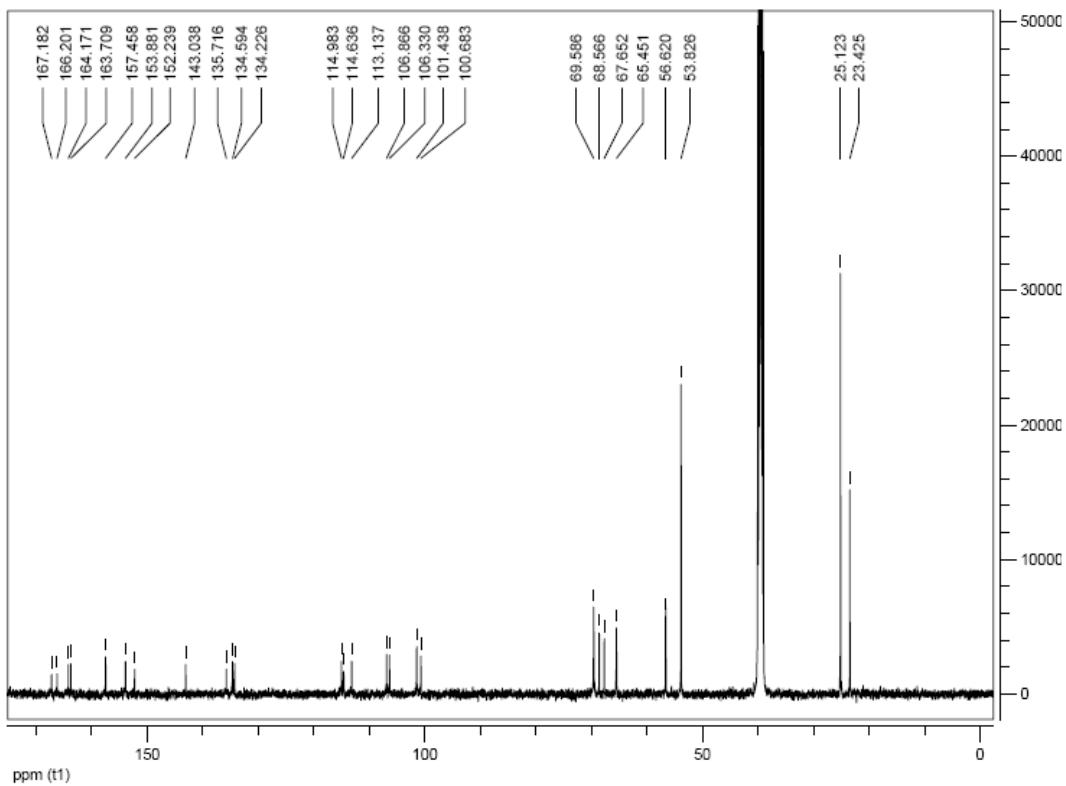


Figure S26. ^{13}C NMR (75.4 MHz) of complex **2c** in $d_6\text{-DMSO}$.

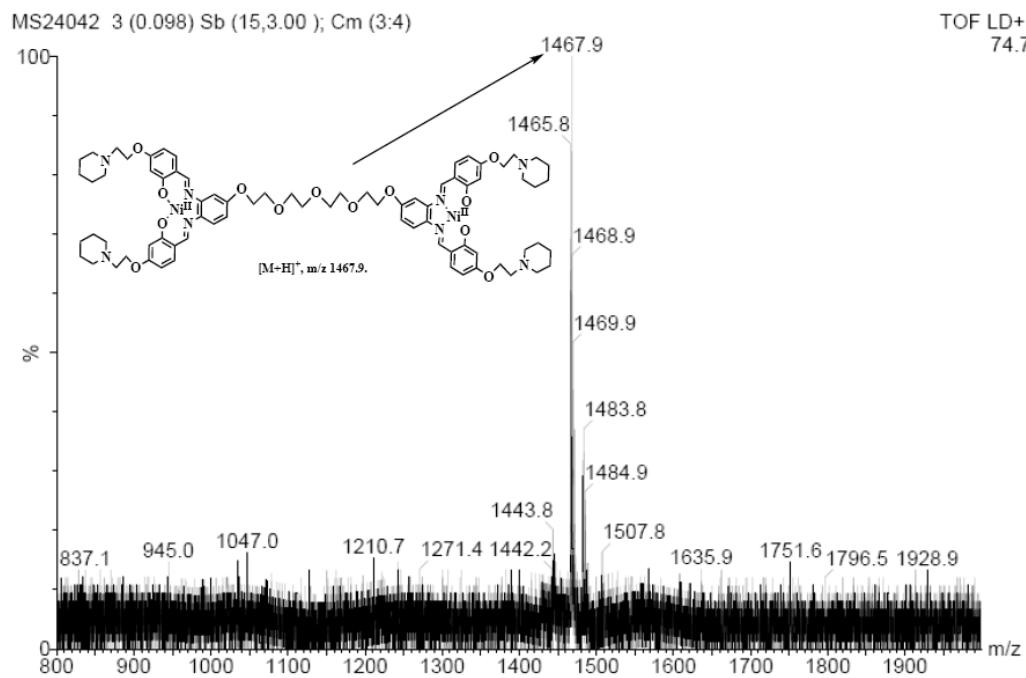


Figure S27. MALDI-TOF MS of complex **2c**.

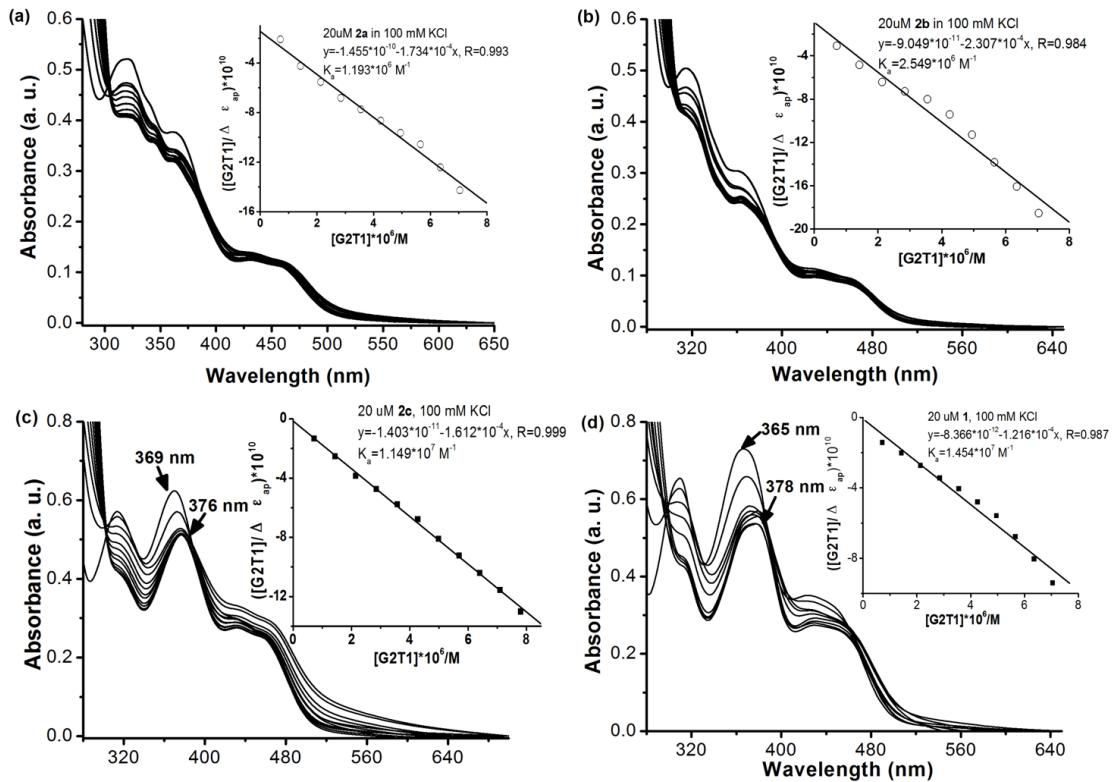


Figure S28. UV-Vis absorption spectra of nickel complexes **2a** (a), **2b** (b), **2c** (c) and **1** (d) ([complex]=20 μM) with increasing the concentration (from 0~10 μM in 10 mM Tris-HCl and 100 mM KCl, pH 7.04) of G2T1 DNA. Inset: a reciprocal plot of $([G2T1]/\Delta \varepsilon_{ap}) \times 10^{10}$ versus $[G2T1] \times 10^6$, $\Delta \varepsilon_{ap} = (A_{\text{observed}} - A_{\text{free complex}})/[\text{complex}]$.

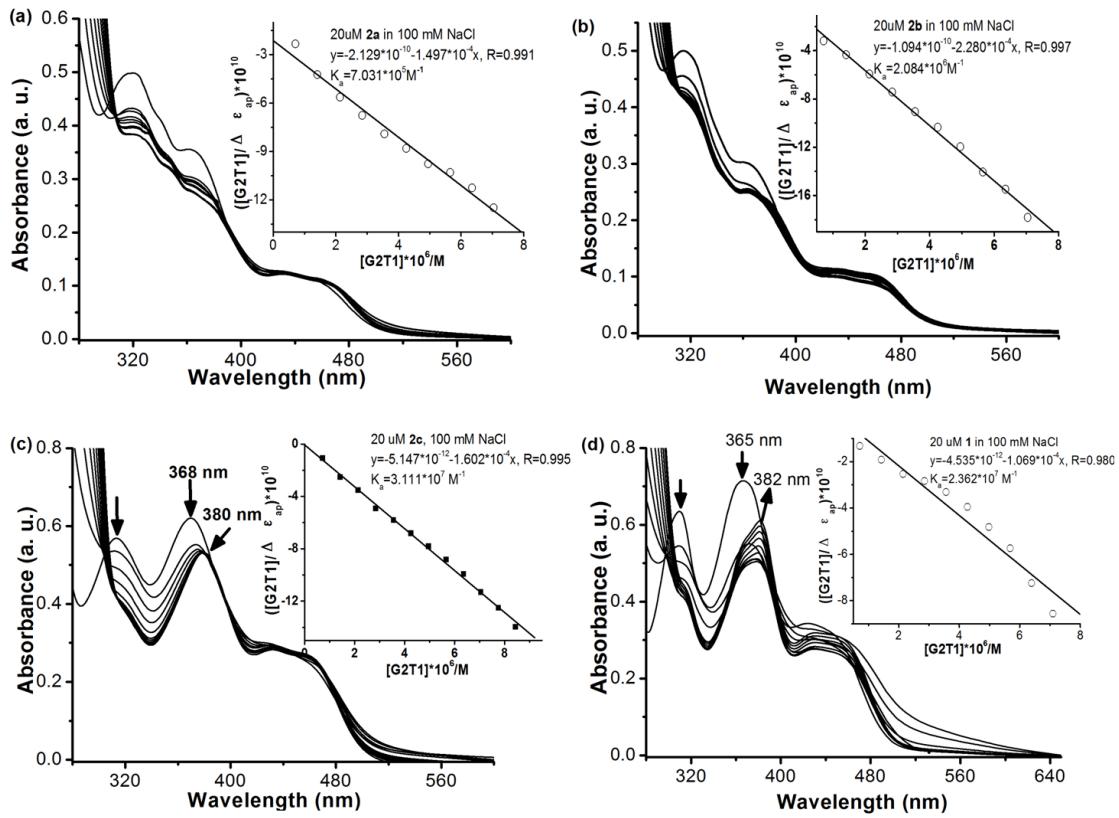


Figure S29. UV-Vis absorption spectra of nickel complexes **2a** (a), **2b** (b), **2c** (c) and **1** (d) ($[\text{complex}] = 20 \mu\text{M}$) with increasing the concentration (from 0~10 μM in 10 mM Tris-HCl and 100 mM NaCl, pH 7.04) of G2T1 DNA. Inset: Inset: a reciprocal plot of $([\text{G2T1}]/\Delta\epsilon_{ap}) \times 10^{10}$ versus $[\text{G2T1}] \times 10^6$, $\Delta\epsilon_{ap} = (A_{\text{observed}} - A_{\text{free complex}})/[\text{complex}]$.

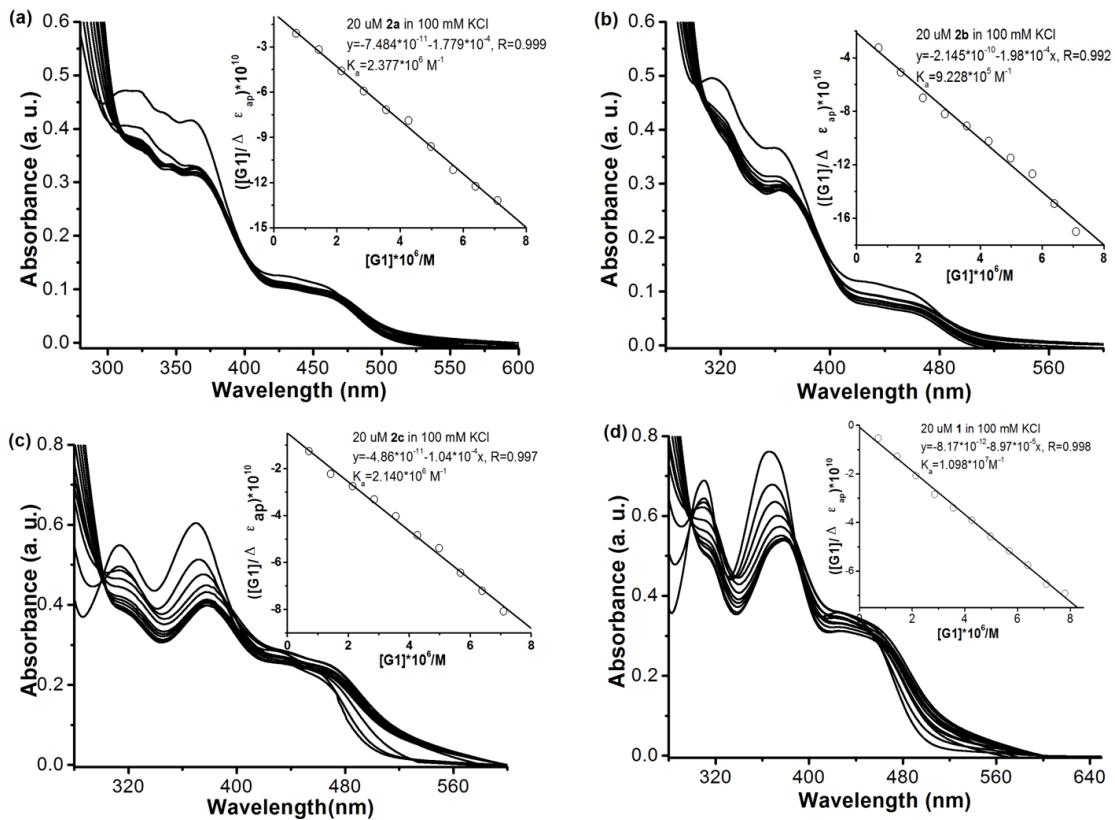


Figure S30. UV-Vis absorption spectra of nickel complexes **2a** (a), **2b** (b), **2c** (c) and **1** (d) ($[\text{complex}] = 20 \mu\text{M}$) with increasing the concentration (from 0~10 μM in 10 mM Tris-HCl and 100 mM KCl, pH 7.04) of G1 DNA. Inset: a reciprocal plot of $([G1]/\Delta \varepsilon_{ap}) \times 10^{10}$ versus $[G1] \times 10^6, \Delta \varepsilon_{ap} = (A_{\text{observed}} - A_{\text{free complex}}) / [\text{complex}]$.

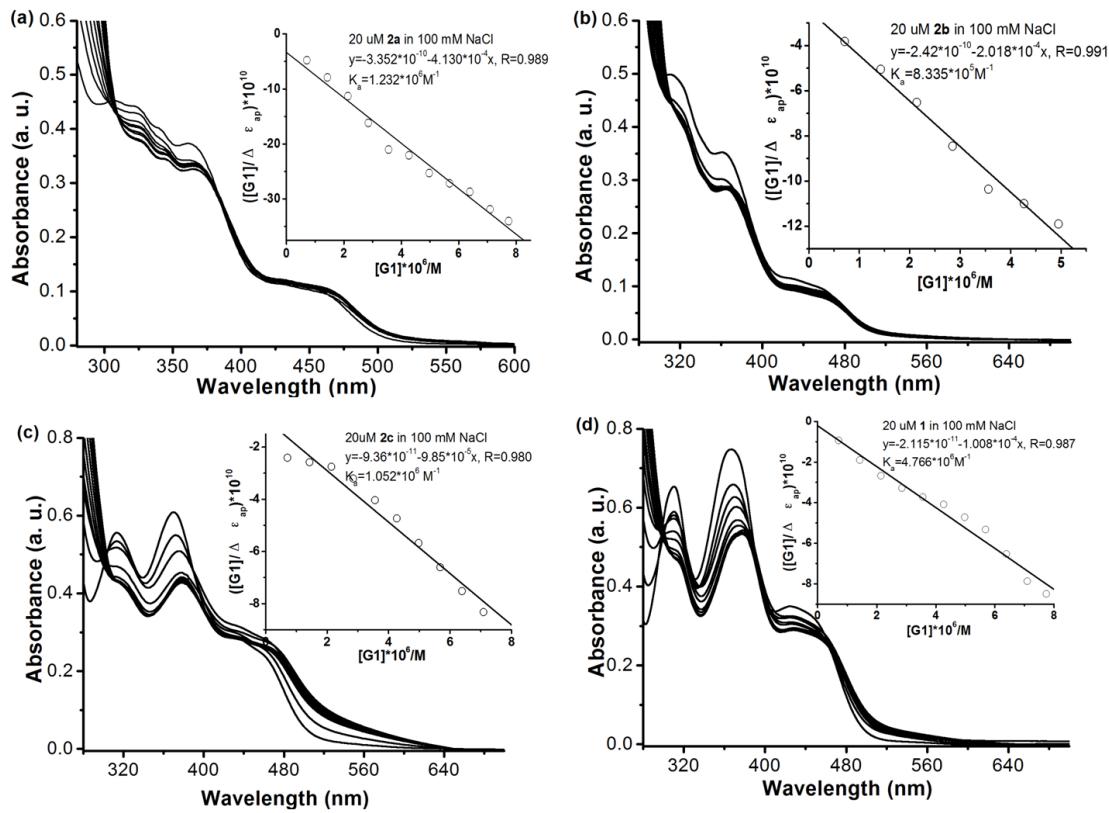


Figure S31. UV-Vis absorption spectra of nickel complexes **2a** (a), **2b** (b), **2c** (c) and **1** (d) ($[\text{complex}] = 20 \mu\text{M}$) with increasing the concentration (from $0 \sim 10 \mu\text{M}$ in 10 mM Tris-HCl and 100 mM NaCl , pH 7.04) of G1 DNA. Inset: a reciprocal plot of $([G1]/\Delta \varepsilon_{ap}) \times 10^{10}$ versus $[G1] \times 10^6$, $\Delta \varepsilon_{ap} = (A_{\text{observed}} - A_{\text{free complex}}) / [\text{complex}]$.

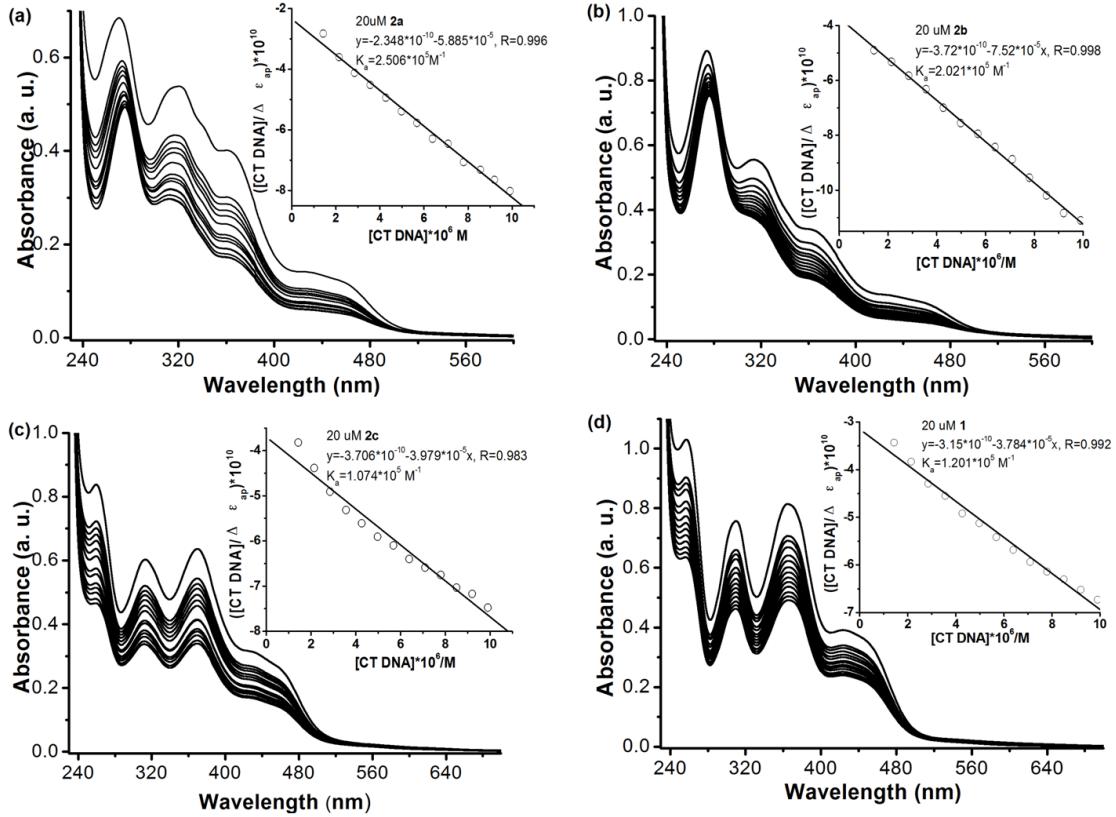


Figure S32. UV-Vis absorption spectra of nickel complexes **2a** (a), **2b** (b), **2c** (c) and **1** (d) ([complex]=20 μM) with increasing the concentration (from 0~10 μM in 10 mM Tris-HCl and 100 mM NaCl, pH 7.04) of CT DNA. Inset: a reciprocal plot of $([\text{CT DNA}]/\Delta \varepsilon_{\text{ap}}) \times 10^{10}$ versus $[\text{CT DNA}] \times 10^6$, $\Delta \varepsilon_{\text{ap}} = (A_{\text{observed}} - A_{\text{free complex}})/[\text{complex}]$.

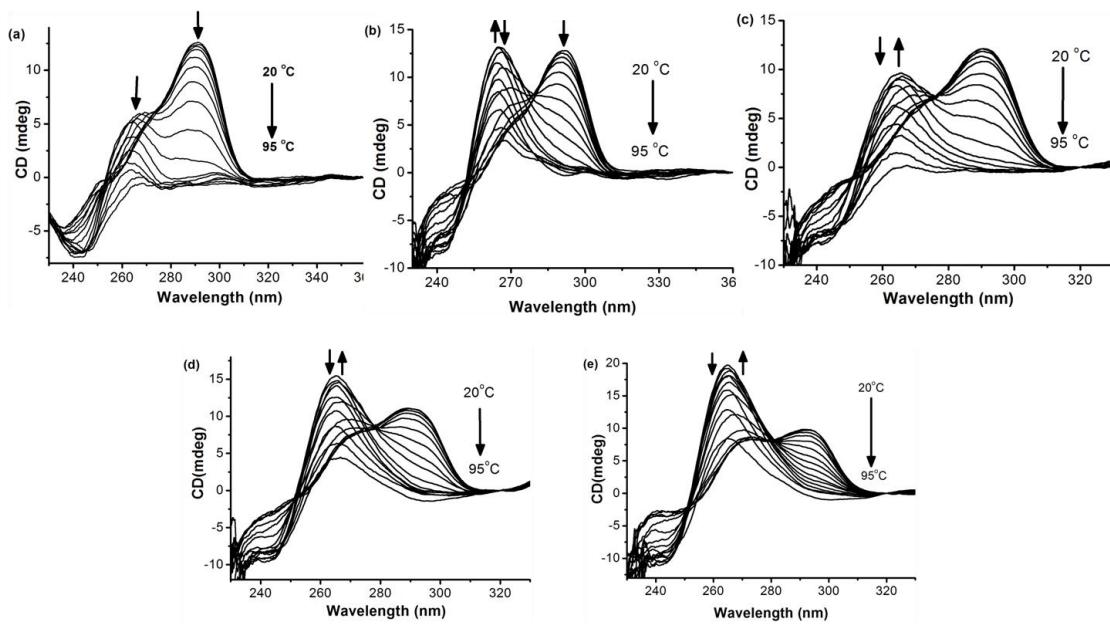


Figure S33. CD spectra of quadruplex dimer (G2T1, 2.5 μM) from 20 °C to 95 °C without (a) and with complexes **2a** (5 μM , b), **2b** (5 μM , c), **2c** (5 μM , d) and **1** (10 μM , e) in the buffer of 10 mM Tris-HCl and 100 mM KCl (pH 7.04).

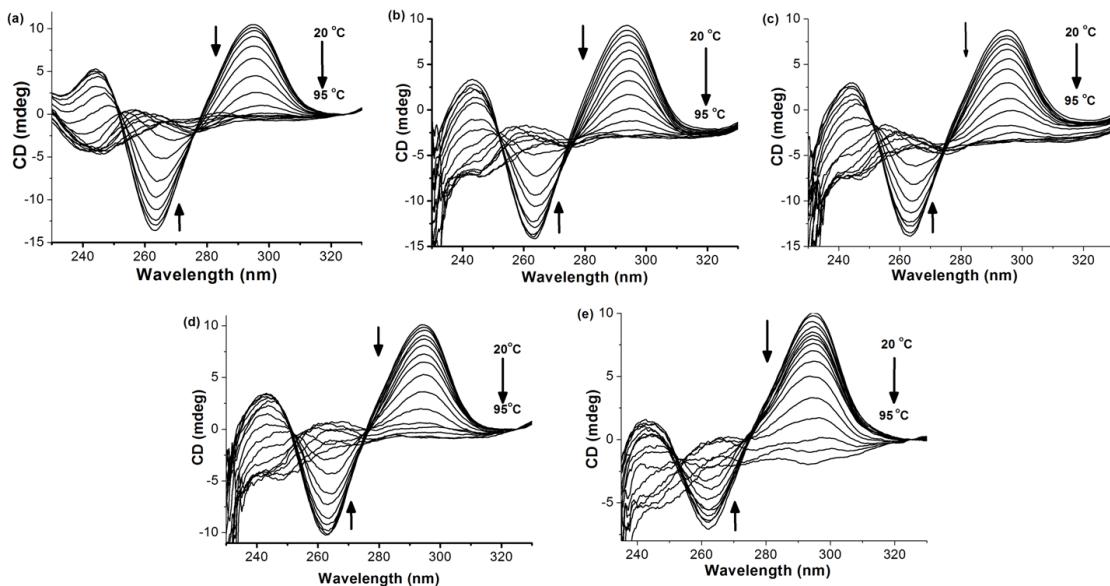


Figure S34. CD spectra of quadruplex dimer (G2T1, 2.5 μM) from 20 °C to 95 °C without (a) and with complexes **2a** (5 μM , b), **2b** (5 μM , c), **2c** (5 μM , d), and **1** (10 μM , e) in the buffer of 10 mM Tris-HCl and 100 mM NaCl (pH 7.04).

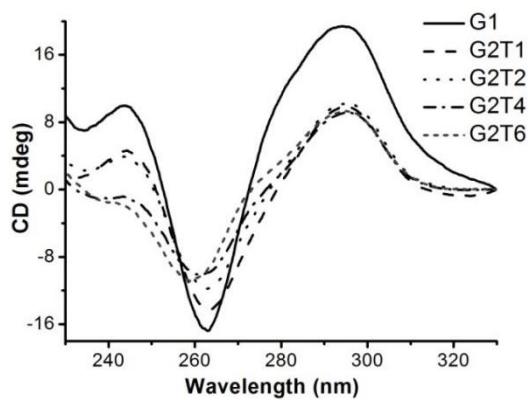


Figure S35. CD spectra of G1 (5 μ M), G2T1 (2.5 μ M), G2T2 (2.5 μ M), G2T4 (2.5 μ M) and G2T6 (2.5 μ M) in 10 mM Tris-HCl buffer (100 mM NaCl, pH 7.04).

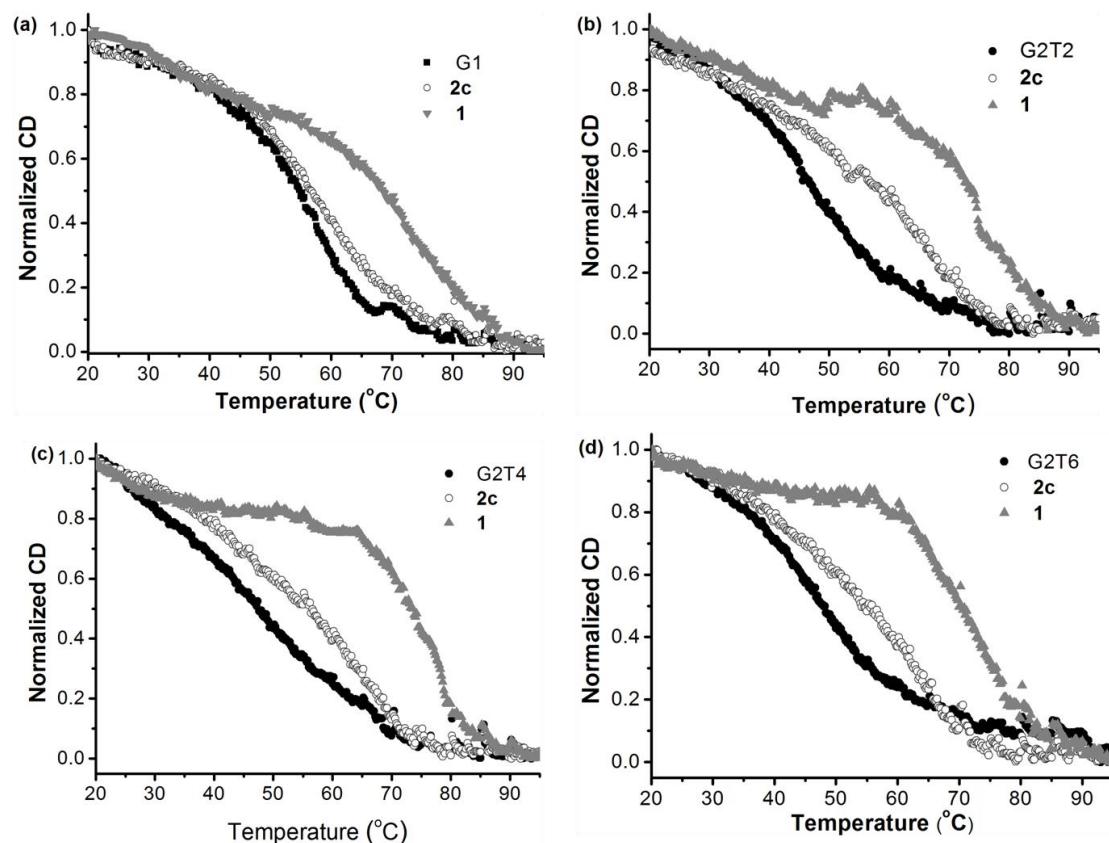


Figure S36. CD melting profiles at 295 nm for monomeric quadruplex G1 (a, 5.0 μ M), and a series of dimeric quadruplexes G2T2 (b, 2.5 μ M), G2T4 (c, 2.5 μ M) and G2T6 (d, 2.5 μ M), respectively, when bound to di-nickel complex **2c** (5.0 μ M) and mono nickel complex **1** (10.0 μ M) in 10 mM Tris-HCl and 100 mM NaCl (pH 7.04).

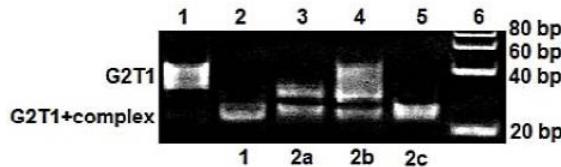


Figure S37. GE analysis of G2T1 in 10 mM Tris-HCl and 100 mM NaCl (pH 7.04) in the presence of four nickel complexes: lane 1, G2T1 (8 μ M); lane 2~5, G2T1 (8 μ M) with complex **1** (32 μ M), **2a** (16 μ M), **2b** (16 μ M) and **2c** (16 μ M), respectively; lane 6, DNA ladder.

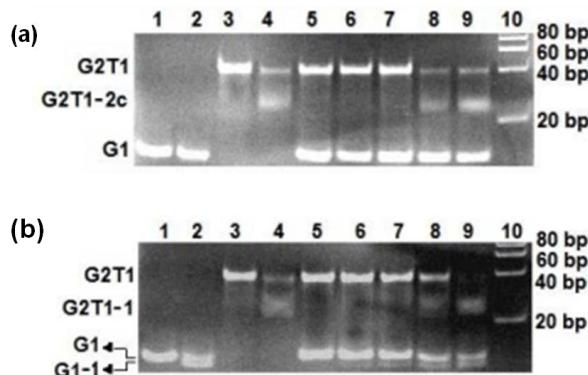


Figure S38. (a) GE analysis of G2T1 in 10 mM Tris-HCl and 100 mM KCl (pH 7.04) in the presence of **2c**. Lanes 1~2: G1 (16 μ M) in the absence and presence of complex **2c** (16 μ M); lanes 3~4: G2T1 (8 μ M) in the absence and presence of complex **2c** (16 μ M); lane 5: a mixture of G1 (16 μ M) and G2T1 (8 μ M); lanes 6~9: mixtures of G1 (16 μ M) and G2T1 (8 μ M) in the presence of 4, 8, 16 and 32 μ M of complex **2c**, respectively; lane 10: DNA ladder. (b) GE analysis of G1, G2T1 and their mixture in 10 mM Tris-HCl and 100 mM KCl (pH 7.04) in the presence of complex **1**. Lanes 1~2: G1 (16 μ M) in the absence and presence of complex **1** (32 μ M); lanes 3~4: G2T1 (8 μ M) in the absence and presence of complex **1** (32 μ M); lane 5: a mixture of G1 (16 μ M) and G2T1 (8 μ M); lanes 6~9: mixtures of G1 (16 μ M) and G2T1 (8 μ M) in the presence of 8, 16, 32 and 64 μ M of complex **1**, respectively; lane 10: DNA ladder.